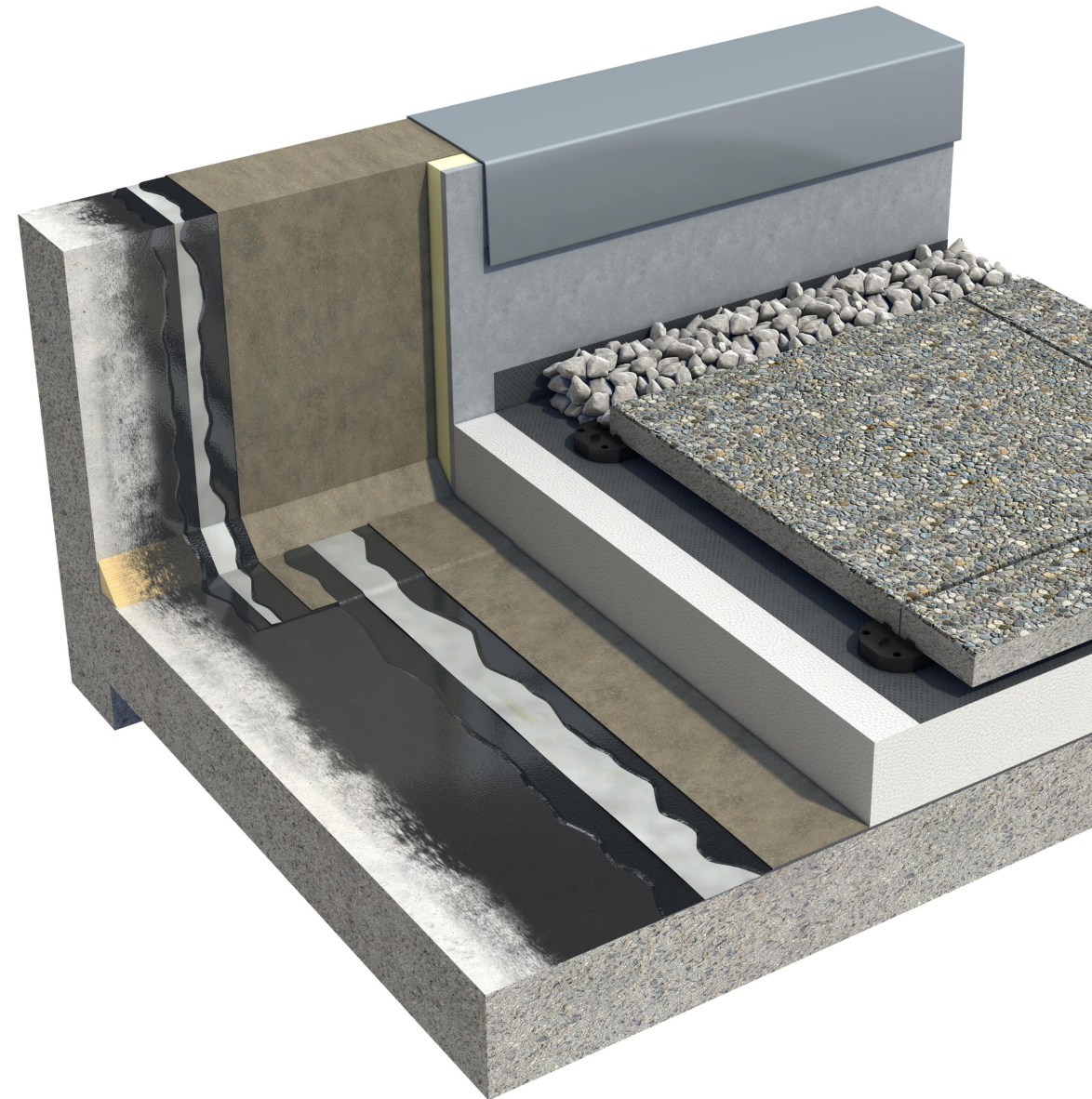


Environmental Product Declaration (EPD)
According to ISO 14025 and EN
15804+A2:2019

Parabit Duo Hot Melt Waterproofing System

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Registration number: | EPD-Kiwa-EE-216006-EN |
| Issue date: | 06-08-2025 |
| Valid until: | 06-08-2030 |
| Declaration owner: | BMI Group Holdings UK Limited |
| Publisher: | Kiwa-Ecobility Experts |
| Programme operator: | Kiwa-Ecobility Experts |
| Status: | verified |



1 General information

1.1 PRODUCT

Parabit Duo Hot Melt Waterproofing System

1.2 REGISTRATION NUMBER

EPD-Kiwa-EE-216006-EN

1.3 VALIDITY

Issue date: 06-08-2025

Valid until: 06-08-2030

1.4 PROGRAMME OPERATOR

Kiwa-Ecobility Experts
Wattstraße 11-13
13355 Berlin
DE



Raoul Mancke

(Head of programme operations, Kiwa-Ecobility Experts)



Dr. Ronny Stadie

(Verification body, Kiwa-Ecobility Experts)

1.5 OWNER OF THE DECLARATION

Manufacturer: BMI Group Holdings UK Limited

Address: Thames Tower, Station Road, UK, RG1 1LX Reading

E-mail: kundservice@bmigroup.com

Website: <https://bmisverige.se/>

Production location: BMI Manchester, UK

Address production location: Barton Dock Rd, Trafford Park, Stretford, M32 0YL
Manchester, UK

1.6 VERIFICATION OF THE DECLARATION

The independent verification is in accordance with the ISO 14025:2011. The LCA is in compliance with ISO 14040:2006 and ISO 14044:2006. The EN 15804+A2:2019 serves as the core PCR.

☐ Internal ☒ External



Lucas Pedro Berman, Senda

1.7 STATEMENTS

The owner of this EPD shall be liable for the underlying information and evidence. The programme operator Kiwa-Ecobility Experts shall not be liable with respect to manufacturer data, life cycle assessment data and evidence.

1.8 PRODUCT CATEGORY RULES

General Product Category Rules (PCR A)

PCR B: EN 17388-1:2024: Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Environmental product declarations - Product category rules for reinforced bitumen, plastic and rubber flexible sheets for roof waterproofing

1 General information

1.9 COMPARABILITY

In principle, a comparison or assessment of the environmental impacts of different products is only possible if they have been prepared in accordance with EN 15804+A2:2019. For the evaluation of the comparability, the following aspects have to be considered in particular: PCR used, functional or declared unit, geographical reference, the definition of the system boundary, declared modules, data selection (primary or secondary data, background database, data quality), scenarios used for use and disposal phases, and the life cycle inventory (data collection, calculation methods, allocations, validity period). PCRs and general program instructions of different EPD program operators may differ. Comparability needs to be evaluated. For further guidance, see EN 15804+A2:2019 and ISO 14025.

1.10 CALCULATION BASIS

LCA method RETHINK: Ecobility Experts | EN15804+A2

LCA software*: Simapro 9.6

Characterization method: RETHINK characterization method (see references for more details)

LCA database profiles: ecoinvent (for version see references)

Version database: v3.19 (20250306)

** Simapro is used for calculating the characterized results of the Environmental profiles within RETHINK.*

1.11 LCA BACKGROUND REPORT

This EPD is generated on the basis of the LCA background report 'Parabit Duo Hot Melt Waterproofing System ' with the calculation identifier ReTHiNK-116006.

2 Product

2.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Parabit Duo Hot Melt System is a reinforced self-healing waterproofing membrane specially developed for use in inverted, green, and plaza deck roofing systems. Designed for concrete substrates, the hot melt system represents the optimum solution for speed of application and cost-effectiveness. This hot melt system is applied using two coats of the hot melt compound.

The LCA calculation for the Parabit Duo system is based on the following SBS modified bitumen layer choices:

- Siplast Primer
- Parabit Duo Reinforcing Fabric
- Parabit Hot Melt Compound (x2)
- Power Elastomeric 250 Sanded
- Rootbar Sanded

2.2 APPLICATION (INTENDED USE OF THE PRODUCT)

Parabit Dolo Hot Melt Waterproofing System is a system used for vapor control and waterproofing of flat and pitched roofs.

2.3 REFERENCE SERVICE LIFE

RSL PRODUCT

Reference service life of the system and its constituents is 50 years.

USED RSL (YR) IN THIS LCA CALCULATION:

50

RSL PARTS

There is no reference service life variance between the product parts.

2.4 TECHNICAL DATA

| Test | Unit | Average values |
|----------------------------------|--------|----------------|
| Tensile strength at max | N/50mm | 900 |
| Elongation at break longitudinal | % | 35 |
| Elongation at break transverse | % | 35 |
| Cold temperature flexibility | °C | ≤ -20 |
| Heat flow test | °C | - |

2.5 SUBSTANCES OF VERY HIGH CONCERN

For construction product EPDs complaint with EN15804, the content declaration shall list substances contained in the products that are listed in the "Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization" when their content exceeds the limits for registration with the European Chemicals Agency: i.e. >0.1 % of the weight of the product. No such substances are used in the production of the products covered in this EPD.

2.6 DESCRIPTION PRODUCTION PROCESS

The membranes and other system constituents are manufactured using conventional continuous bitumen coating techniques.

2.7 CONSTRUCTION DESCRIPTION

The bitumen membranes in this system are rolled out on the roof and fixated by torching or self-adhesion and the liquid system constituents are applied using a brush or a roller.

3 Calculation rules

3.1 FUNCTIONAL UNIT

1 m2 (square meter)

1 m2 of installed Parabit Duo Hot Melt Waterproofing System.

The material needed for the fulfillment of the functional unit encompasses the amount of subsidiary material required for the overlaps. The chosen functional unit corresponds with the specifications of the PCR B.

Reference unit: square meter (m2)

3.2 CONVERSION FACTORS

| Description | Value | Unit |
|---------------------------|----------|------|
| Reference unit | 1 | m2 |
| Weight per reference unit | 9.786 | kg |
| Conversion factor to 1 kg | 0.102191 | m2 |

3.3 SCOPE OF DECLARATION AND SYSTEM BOUNDARIES

This is a Cradle to gate with options, modules C1-C4 and module D EPD. The life cycle stages included are as shown below:

(X = module included, ND = module not declared)

| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | ND | ND | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |

The modules of the EN 15804 contain the following:

| | |
|--|---|
| Module A1 = Raw material supply | Module B5 = Refurbishment |
| Module A2 = Transport | Module B6 = Operational energy use |
| Module A3 = Manufacturing | Module B7 = Operational water use |
| Module A4 = Transport | Module C1 = De-construction / Demolition |
| Module A5 = Construction - Installation process | Module C2 = Transport |
| Module B1 = Use | Module C3 = Waste Processing |
| Module B2 = Maintenance | Module C4 = Disposal |
| Module B3 = Repair | Module D = Benefits and loads beyond the product system boundaries |
| Module B4 = Replacement | |

3.4 REPRESENTATIVENESS

The data used is representing the Parabit Solo Hot Melt Waterproofing System, a hot applied, durable and flexible waterproofing membrane manufactured from a blend of bitumen and SBS polymers, produced by the BMI Group at its three production facilities in France (30 rue Poterie, 41170, Cormenon), the Netherlands (Hoendiep 316, 9744 TC, Groningen) and the United Kingdom (Barton Dock Rd, Trafford Park, Stretford, M32 0YL, Manchester). The data in this EPD is representative for the European Union and the United Kingdom.

3 Calculation rules

3.5 CUT-OFF CRITERIA

Product stage (A1-A3)

All input flows (e.g. raw materials, transportation, energy use, packaging, etc.) and output flows (e.g. production waste) are considered in this LCA. The total neglected input flows do therefore not exceed the limit of 5% of energy use and mass.

Construction process stage (A4-A5)

All input flows (e.g. transportation to the construction site, additional raw material use for construction, installation energy (use) of energy use for assembly, etc.) and output flows (e.g. construction waste, packaging waste, etc.) are considered in this LCA. The total neglected input flows do therefore not exceed the limit of 5% of energy use and mass.

Use stage (B1-B3)

All (known) input flows (e.g. raw materials, transportation, energy use, packaging, etc.) and output flows (e.g. emissions to soil, air and water, construction waste, packaging waste, end-of-life waste, etc.) related to the building fabric are considered in this LCA. The total neglected input flows do therefore not exceed the limit of 5% of energy use and mass.

Operational energy & water use (B6-B7)

There is no operational energy or water use involved (so no effects, zero score in B6 and B7)

End of life stage (C1-C4)

All input flows (e.g. energy use for demolition or disassembly, transport to waste processing, etc.) and output flows (e.g. end-of-life waste processing of the product, etc.) are considered in this LCA. The total neglected input flows do therefore not exceed the limit of 5% of energy use and mass.

Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary (Module D)

All benefits and loads beyond the system boundary resulting from reusable products, recyclable materials and/or useful energy carriers leaving the product system are considered in this LCA.

Other excluded processes

Other excluded processes from this LCA are as follows: the manufacture of equipment used in production, buildings or any other capital goods, transport of personnel to the plant, transportation of personnel within the plant, research and development activities, long-term emissions.

3.6 ALLOCATION

Mass allocation has been applied for the energy and water consumption.

3.7 DATA COLLECTION & REFERENCE PERIOD

Data collection has been based on the primary data from the production year 2024.

3.8 ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Product overlap when installing has been estimated at 10% of the products length and 6% of its width.

3.9 DATA QUALITY

The LCA of the associated product system has been based on the primary data from the BMI production facilities in France (30 rue Poterie, 41170, Cormançon), the Netherlands (Hoendiep 316, 9744 TC, Groningen) and the United Kingdom (Barton Dock Rd, Trafford Park, Stretford, M32 0YL, Manchester). Background data has been based on primary environmental data and Ecoinvent 3.6 database.

3 Calculation rules

3.10 POWER MIX

No guaranties of origin have been included and the used electricity during the manufacturing (module A3) has been modeled using the nation specific electricity grid datasets with the following emission factors:

Electricity (NL) - medium voltage (1kV - 24kV) - 0.63 kg CO2 eq

Electricity (GB) - low voltage (max 1kV) - 0.38 kg CO2 eq

Electricity (FR) - low voltage (max 1kV) - 0.09 kg CO2 eq

4 Scenarios and additional technical information

4.1 TRANSPORT TO CONSTRUCTION SITE (A4)

For the transport from production place to assembly/user, the following scenario is assumed for module A4 of this EPD.

| | Value and unit |
|--|---|
| Vehicle type used for transport | (ei3.6) Lorry (Truck) >32t, EURO6 market for (EU) |
| Fuel type and consumption of vehicle | not available |
| Distance | 800 km |
| Capacity utilisation (including empty returns) | 50 % (loaded up and return empty) |
| Bulk density of transported products | inapplicable |
| Volume capacity utilisation factor | 1 |

4.2 ASSEMBLY (A5)

The following information describes the scenarios for flows entering the system and flows leaving the system at module A5.

FLOWS ENTERING THE SYSTEM

For flows entering the system at A5 the following scenario is assumed for module A5.

| | Value | Unit |
|---|-------|------|
| <i>Energy consumption for installation/assembly</i> | | |
| (ei3.6) Propane burned in building machine (GLO) | 1.56 | l |

FLOWS LEAVING THE SYSTEM

The following output flows leaving the system at module A5 are assumed.

| Description | Value | Unit |
|---|-------|------|
| Output materials as result of loss during construction | 1 | % |
| Output materials as result of waste processing of materials used for installation/assembly at the building site | 0.000 | kg |
| Output materials as result of waste processing of used packaging | 0.575 | kg |

4.3 USE STAGE (B1)

No significant environment impact in the use stage modules, because there is no (significant) emission to air, soil or water.

4 Scenarios and additional technical information

4.4 MAINTENANCE (B2)

For maintenance no input or output flows are modelled.

4.5 REPAIR (B3)

Repairs are not applicable within the functional unit and to achieve the reference service life.

4.6 OPERATIONAL ENERGY USE (B6)

| Description | Service cycle (yr) | Number of cycles (n) | Amount per cycle | Total Amount | Unit |
|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------|------|
|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------|------|

4.7 OPERATIONAL WATER USE (B7)

| Description | Service cycle (yr) | Number of cycles (n) | Amount per cycle | Total Amount | Unit |
|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------|------|
|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------|--------------|------|

4.8 DE-CONSTRUCTION, DEMOLITION (C1)

No inputs are needed for the product at the de-construction / demolition phase

4.9 TRANSPORT END-OF-LIFE (C2)

The following distances and transport conveyance are assumed for transportation during end of life for the different types of waste processing.

| Waste Scenario | Transport conveyance | Not removed (stays in work) [km] | Landfill [km] | Incineration [km] | Recycling [km] | Re-use [km] |
|--|--|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Waste scenario EWA bitumen roofing material Benefits Eurobitume (SE) | (ei3.6) Lorry (Truck) 7.5-16t, EURO5 market for (EU) | 0 | 50 | 100 | 300 | 0 |

The transport conveyance(s) used in the scenario(s) for transport during end of life has the following characteristics.

Value and unit

4 Scenarios and additional technical information

| | |
|--|--|
| Vehicle type used for transport | (ei3.6) Lorry (Truck) 7.5-16t, EURO5 market for (EU) |
| Fuel type and consumption of vehicle | not available |
| Capacity utilisation (including empty returns) | 50 % (loaded up and return empty) |
| Bulk density of transported products | inapplicable |
| Volume capacity utilisation factor | 1 |

| | Value and unit |
|--|---|
| Vehicle type used for transport | (ei3.6) Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default) market group for (GLO) |
| Fuel type and consumption of vehicle | not available |
| Capacity utilisation (including empty returns) | 50 % (loaded up and return empty) |
| Bulk density of transported products | inapplicable |
| Volume capacity utilisation factor | 1 |

| | Value and unit |
|--|---|
| Vehicle type used for transport | (ei3.9.1) Lorry (Truck), unspecified (default) market group for (GLO) |
| Fuel type and consumption of vehicle | not available |
| Capacity utilisation (including empty returns) | 50 % (loaded up and return empty) |
| Bulk density of transported products | inapplicable |
| Volume capacity utilisation factor | 1 |

4.10 END OF LIFE (C3, C4)

The scenario(s) assumed for end of life of the product are given in the following tables.
First the assumed percentages per type of waste processing are displayed, followed by the assumed amounts.

| Waste Scenario | Region | Not removed (stays in work) [%] | Landfill [%] | Incineration [%] | Recycling [%] | Re-use [%] |
|--|--------|---------------------------------|--------------|------------------|---------------|------------|
| Waste scenario EWA bitumen roofing material Benefits Eurobitume (SE) | EU | 0 | 40 | 45 | 15 | 0 |

4 Scenarios and additional technical information

| Waste Scenario | Not removed (stays in work) [kg] | Landfill [kg] | Incineration [kg] | Recycling [kg] | Re-use [kg] |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------|
| Waste scenario EWA bitumen roofing material Benefits Eurobitume (SE) | 0.000 | 3.914 | 4.404 | 1.468 | 0.000 |
| Total | 0.000 | 3.914 | 4.404 | 1.468 | 0.000 |

4.11 BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY (D)

The presented Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary in this EPD are based on the following calculated Net output flows in kilograms and Energy recovery displayed in MJ Lower Heating Value.

| Waste Scenario | Net output flow [kg] | Energy recovery [MJ] |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Waste scenario EWA bitumen roofing material Benefits Eurobitume (SE) | 1.468 | 88.235 |
| Total | 1.468 | 88.235 |

5 Results

For the impact assessment long-term emissions (>100 years) are not considered. The results of the impact assessment are only relative statements that do not make any statements about end-points of the impact categories, exceedance of threshold values, safety margins or risks. The following tables show the results of the indicators of the impact assessment, of the use of resources as well as of waste and other output flows.

5.1 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS PER SQUARE METER

CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS EN 15804+A2

| Abbr. | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1- A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|-----------|--------------------------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| GWP-total | kg CO ₂ eq. | 5.26E+0 | 2.50E-1 | 1.41E+0 | 6.92E+0 | 7.22E-1 | 4.85E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.32E-1 | 1.08E+1 | 5.86E-1 | -3.07E+0 |
| GWP-f | kg CO ₂ eq. | 5.26E+0 | 2.50E-1 | 1.66E+0 | 7.17E+0 | 7.22E-1 | 4.58E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.32E-1 | 1.08E+1 | 5.86E-1 | -3.05E+0 |
| GWP-b | kg CO ₂ eq. | -4.35E-3 | 1.04E-4 | -2.48E-1 | -2.53E-1 | 2.99E-4 | 2.65E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.03E-4 | 7.87E-4 | 1.71E-4 | -5.34E-4 |
| GWP-luluc | kg CO ₂ eq. | 3.31E-3 | 7.61E-5 | 3.97E-3 | 7.36E-3 | 2.20E-4 | 4.65E-4 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 9.97E-5 | 4.05E-4 | 2.13E-5 | -1.45E-2 |
| ODP | kg CFC 11 eq. | 6.63E-7 | 6.14E-8 | 1.02E-7 | 8.26E-7 | 1.77E-7 | 7.24E-7 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 5.11E-8 | 8.07E-8 | 1.29E-8 | -4.86E-7 |
| AP | mol H ⁺ eq. | 2.95E-2 | 8.04E-4 | 7.25E-3 | 3.76E-2 | 2.32E-3 | 1.12E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 9.29E-4 | 4.27E-3 | 6.32E-4 | -5.92E-3 |
| EP-fw | kg P eq. | 1.67E-4 | 1.99E-6 | 8.36E-5 | 2.53E-4 | 5.74E-6 | 2.09E-5 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.11E-6 | 1.32E-5 | 8.30E-7 | -1.97E-5 |
| EP-m | kg N eq. | 5.81E-3 | 1.76E-4 | 1.38E-3 | 7.36E-3 | 5.09E-4 | 2.80E-3 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.66E-4 | 1.33E-3 | 5.02E-4 | -1.57E-3 |
| EP-T | mol N eq. | 6.42E-2 | 1.97E-3 | 1.51E-2 | 8.13E-2 | 5.68E-3 | 3.07E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.94E-3 | 1.47E-2 | 1.35E-3 | -1.78E-2 |
| POCP | kg NMVOC eq. | 2.62E-2 | 7.72E-4 | 5.50E-3 | 3.25E-2 | 2.23E-3 | 1.06E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 9.04E-4 | 4.16E-3 | 5.30E-4 | -5.61E-3 |
| ADP-mm | kg Sb-eq. | 7.51E-4 | 4.45E-6 | 1.49E-5 | 7.71E-4 | 1.28E-5 | 1.56E-5 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 8.31E-6 | 8.28E-6 | 4.50E-7 | -4.62E-6 |
| ADP-f | MJ | 3.62E+2 | 4.06E+0 | 4.55E+1 | 4.12E+2 | 1.17E+1 | 5.00E+1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 3.45E+0 | 6.80E+0 | 9.96E-1 | -1.35E+2 |
| WDP | m ³ world eq. | 3.15E+0 | 1.32E-2 | 1.06E+0 | 4.22E+0 | 3.81E-2 | 1.76E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.06E-2 | 1.74E-1 | 4.22E-2 | -4.43E-1 |

GWP-total=Global Warming Potential total (GWP-total) | **GWP-f**=Global Warming Potential fossil fuels (GWP-fossil) | **GWP-b**=Global Warming Potential biogenic (GWP-biogenic) | **GWP-luluc**=Global Warming Potential land use and land use change (GWP-luluc) | **ODP**=Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer (ODP) | **AP**=Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance (AP) | **EP-fw**=Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment (EP-freshwater) | **EP-m**=Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment (EP-marine) | **EP-T**=Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance (EP-terrestrial) | **POCP**=Formation potential of tropospheric ozone (POCP) | **ADP-mm**=Abiotic depletion potential for non fossil resources (ADP mm) | **ADP-f**=Abiotic depletion for fossil resources potential (ADP fossil) | **WDP**=Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption (WDP)

5 Results

ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS EN 15804+A2

| Abbr. | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|--------|-------------------|---------|----------|----------|---------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|
| PM | disease incidence | 2.37E-7 | 2.19E-8 | 6.34E-8 | 3.22E-7 | 6.33E-8 | 1.24E-7 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.41E-8 | 4.66E-8 | 6.99E-9 | -2.75E-8 |
| IR | kBq U235 eq. | 1.89E+0 | 1.78E-2 | 1.18E-1 | 2.03E+0 | 5.12E-2 | 2.09E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.51E-2 | 2.17E-2 | 4.03E-3 | -1.35E+0 |
| ETP-fw | CTUe | 1.39E+2 | 3.23E+0 | 2.17E+1 | 1.64E+2 | 9.33E+0 | 4.27E+1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.91E+0 | 9.29E+0 | 1.33E+0 | -3.24E+1 |
| HTP-c | CTUh | 2.55E-9 | 7.84E-11 | 7.19E-10 | 3.34E-9 | 2.26E-10 | 1.34E-9 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 9.05E-11 | 2.00E-9 | 2.79E-11 | -5.89E-10 |
| HTP-nc | CTUh | 5.30E-8 | 3.53E-9 | 1.50E-8 | 7.15E-8 | 1.02E-8 | 3.90E-8 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 3.07E-9 | 1.58E-8 | 5.70E-10 | -9.36E-9 |
| SQP | Pt | 5.87E+1 | 4.65E+0 | 2.44E+1 | 8.77E+1 | 1.34E+1 | 7.55E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.05E+0 | 5.26E+0 | 2.33E+0 | -3.40E+1 |

PM=Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions (PM) | **IR**=Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 (IRP) | **ETP-fw**=Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems (ETP-fw) | **HTP-c**=Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans (HTP-c) | **HTP-nc**=Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans (HTP-nc) | **SQP**=Potential soil quality index (SQP)

CLASSIFICATION OF DISCLAIMERS TO THE DECLARATION OF CORE AND ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS

| ILCD classification | Indicator | Disclaimer |
|---------------------|---|------------|
| ILCD type / level 1 | Global warming potential (GWP) | None |
| | Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer (ODP) | None |
| | Potential incidence of disease due to PM emissions (PM) | None |
| ILCD type / level 2 | Acidification potential, Accumulated Exceedance (AP) | None |
| | Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment (EP-freshwater) | None |
| | Eutrophication potential, Fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment (EP-marine) | None |
| | Eutrophication potential, Accumulated Exceedance (EP-terrestrial) | None |
| | Formation potential of tropospheric ozone (POCP) | None |
| | Potential Human exposure efficiency relative to U235 (IRP) | 1 |
| ILCD type / level 3 | Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources (ADP-minerals&metals) | 2 |
| | Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources (ADP-fossil) | 2 |
| | Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption (WDP) | 2 |
| | Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for ecosystems (ETP-fw) | 2 |

5 Results

| ILCD classification | Indicator | Disclaimer |
|--|--|------------|
| | Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans (HTP-c) | 2 |
| | Potential Comparative Toxic Unit for humans (HTP-nc) | 2 |
| | Potential Soil quality index (SQP) | 2 |
| <p>Disclaimer 1 – This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.</p> <p>Disclaimer 2 – The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experienced with the indicator.</p> | | |

5.2 INDICATORS DESCRIBING RESOURCE USE AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION BASED ON LIFE CYCLE INVENTORY (LCI)

PARAMETERS DESCRIBING RESOURCE USE

| Abbr. | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1- A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|-------|------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| PERE | MJ | 5.36E+0 | 5.11E-2 | 4.07E+0 | 9.48E+0 | 1.47E-1 | 4.61E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 5.86E-2 | 3.77E-1 | 2.10E-2 | -1.46E+1 |
| PERM | MJ | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.39E+0 | 2.39E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.39E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 |
| PERT | MJ | 5.36E+0 | 5.11E-2 | 6.46E+0 | 1.19E+1 | 1.47E-1 | 4.84E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 5.86E-2 | 3.77E-1 | 2.10E-2 | -1.46E+1 |
| PENRE | MJ | 1.98E+2 | 4.31E+0 | 3.29E+1 | 2.35E+2 | 1.24E+1 | 5.11E+1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 3.66E+0 | 7.25E+0 | 1.06E+0 | -9.88E+1 |
| PENRM | MJ | 1.87E+2 | 0.00E+0 | 1.56E+1 | 2.02E+2 | 0.00E+0 | 2.02E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | -4.52E+1 |
| PENRT | MJ | 3.85E+2 | 4.31E+0 | 4.84E+1 | 4.37E+2 | 1.24E+1 | 5.32E+1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 3.66E+0 | 7.25E+0 | 1.06E+0 | -1.44E+2 |
| SM | Kg | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 |
| RSF | MJ | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 |
| NRSF | MJ | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 |
| FW | m³ | 7.85E-2 | 4.62E-4 | 2.85E-2 | 1.07E-1 | 1.33E-3 | 5.61E-3 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 4.10E-4 | 6.84E-3 | 1.04E-3 | -3.10E-2 |

PERE=Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials | **PERM**=Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials | **PERT**=Total use of renewable primary energy resources | **PENRE**=Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials | **PENRM**=Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials | **PENRT**=Total use of non-renewable primary energy resources | **SM**=Use of secondary material | **RSF**=Use of renewable secondary fuels | **NRSF**=Use of non-renewable secondary fuels | **FW**=Net use of fresh water

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OTHER ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION DESCRIBING WASTE CATEGORIES

| Abbr. | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|-------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| HWD | Kg | 1.34E-3 | 9.85E-6 | 2.11E-5 | 1.37E-3 | 2.84E-5 | 1.06E-4 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 9.27E-6 | 1.14E-5 | 1.50E-6 | -7.14E-5 |
| NHWD | Kg | 3.46E-1 | 3.53E-1 | 1.31E-1 | 8.31E-1 | 1.02E+0 | 6.57E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.36E-1 | 4.92E+0 | 3.92E+0 | -1.13E-1 |
| RWD | Kg | 2.99E-3 | 2.77E-5 | 1.16E-4 | 3.13E-3 | 8.01E-5 | 3.33E-4 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 2.33E-5 | 2.60E-5 | 6.00E-6 | -1.16E-3 |

HWD=Hazardous waste disposed | **NHWD**=Non-hazardous waste disposed | **RWD**=Radioactive waste disposed

ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION DESCRIBING OUTPUT FLOWS

| Abbr. | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|-------|------|---------|---------|----------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
| CRU | Kg | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 |
| MFR | Kg | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.87E-2 | 1.87E-2 | 0.00E+0 | 1.58E-1 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 1.47E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 |
| MER | Kg | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 |
| EET | MJ | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | -3.85E-3 | -3.85E-3 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | -2.33E+1 |
| EEE | MJ | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | -2.24E-3 | -2.24E-3 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | 0.00E+0 | -1.35E+1 |

CRU=Components for re-use | **MFR**=Materials for recycling | **MER**=Materials for energy recovery | **EET**=Exported Energy, Thermic | **EEE**=Exported Energy, Electric

5 Results

5.3 INFORMATION ON BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT PER SQUARE METER

BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT

The following Information describes the biogenic carbon content in (the main parts of) the product at the factory gate per square meter:

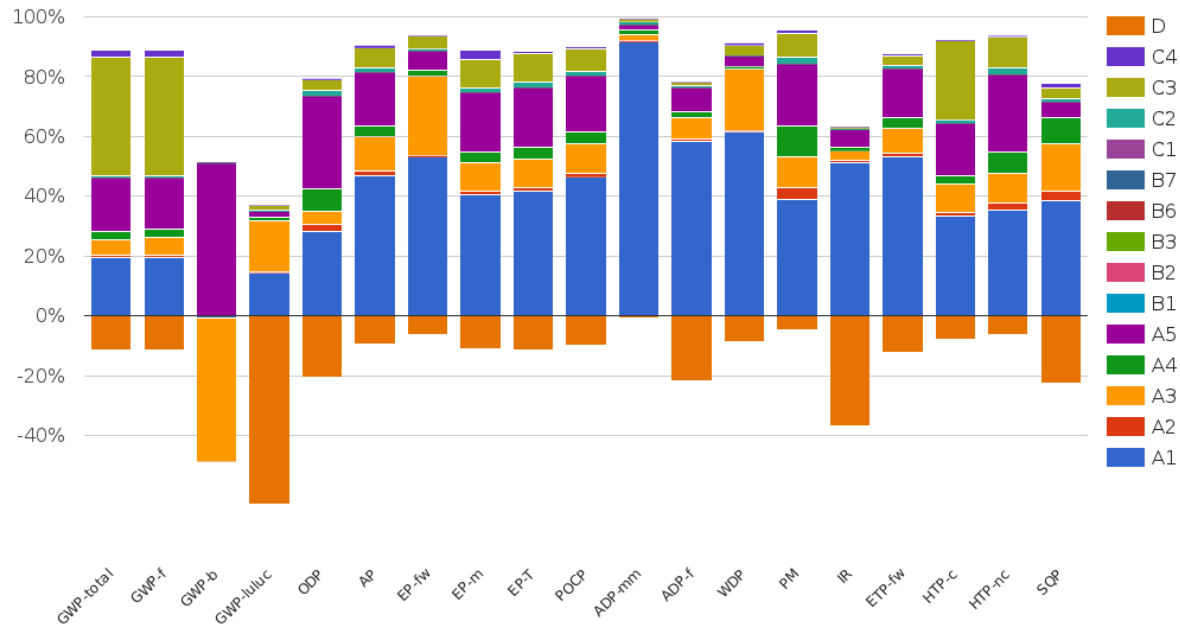
| Biogenic carbon content | Amount | Unit |
|---|---------|------|
| Biogenic carbon content in the product | 0 | kg C |
| Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging | 0.07005 | kg C |

UPTAKE OF BIOGENIC CARBON DIOXIDE

The following amount of carbon dioxide uptake is taken into account. Related uptake and release of carbon dioxide in downstream processes are not taken into account in this number although they do appear in the presented results. One kilogram of biogenic Carbon content is equivalent to 44/12 kg of biogenic carbon dioxide uptake.

| Uptake Biogenic Carbon dioxide | Amount | Unit |
|--------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
| Packaging | 0.2569 | kg CO2 (biogenic) |

6 Interpretation of results



In the case of most of the impact categories, A1 is the module that is dominating the impact. GWP total results are to highest extent influenced by module C3 followed by modules A1 and A5.

7 References

ISO 14040

ISO 14040:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework; EN ISO 14040:2006

ISO 14044

ISO 14044:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines; EN ISO 14044:2006

ISO 14025

ISO 14025:2011-10: Environmental labels and declarations — Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

EN 15804+A2

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019+C1:2021: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction products

General PCR Ecobility Experts

Kiwa-Ecobility Experts (Kiwa-EE) – General Product Category Rules (2022-02-14)

PCR B: EN 17388-1:2024

Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Environmental product declarations - Product category rules for reinforced bitumen, plastic and rubber flexible sheets for roof waterproofing

EN 1109:2013-07

Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Bitumen sheets for roof waterproofing - Determination of flexibility at low temperature; German version EN 1109:2013

EN 12311

DIN EN 12311:2010-02, Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Determination of tensile properties -Part 2: Plastic and rubber sheets for roof waterproofing; German version EN 12311- 2:2010

EN 12310-1:1999

Flexible sheets for waterproofing. Determination of resistance to tearing (nail shank). Bitumen sheets for roof waterproofing

EN 1110:2011-03

Flexible sheets for waterproofing - Bitumen sheets for roof waterproofing - Determination of flow resistance at elevated temperature; German version EN 1110:2010

NMD End-of-Life Standard

Stichting Nationale Milieudatabase (NMD Foundation) - Bepalingsmethode Milieuprestatie Bouwwerken (Version 1.1)

Updated characterisation and normalisation factors for the Environmental Footprint 3.1 method

7 References

Publications Office of the European Union, Luxembourg, 2023, doi:10.2760/798894, JRC130796

Background Database

Ecoinvent 3.6

8 Contact information

| Publisher | Operator | Owner of declaration |
|---|---|--|
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